

20237 120 MINUTES

1.	Fluidity of a phospholipid bilayer depends on: 1. Chain length of the fatty acid 2. Glycoprotein content of the lipid bilayer 3. Degree of unsaturation of fatty acid 4. Carbohydrate content of the lipid bilayer											
•	A)	1 only	B)	1 & 3 only	C)	2 only	D)	1 & 2 only				
2.	Mem A) B) C) D)	Channel prote	ins are teins can ins can ins are	glycoproteins n mediate active mediate active synthesized by	and cha ve trans _l e transpe	channel proteins and port, but carried ort, but channel posomes, but ch	re lipopr protein protein	s cannot s cannot				
3.	The 'A)	Watson-Crick d A-DNA	ouble h B)	elix model des Z-DNA	scribes t C)	the structure of: B-DNA	D)	Triplex DNA				
4.	A wi A)	dely used comp Lactose	oound fo B)	or the preparat Glucose	ion of st C)	table density gr Sucrose	adient is D)	s: Maltose				
5.	Hayf A) B) C) D)	The number stops dividing The number	of mito g of mito	sis a cell is cap	pable of volved i	nal life cycle of undergoing in n chromosome mosome during	tissue cu separati	ulture before it				
6.	1. 2. 3. 4.	Klinefelter's Down's sync Formation of	syndron syndro drome is f multiv	ne is due to cheme has 44+XX s due to extra 2 ralents in meio	romosor XY cond 21 st chro sis is du	omosome le to reciprocal	transloc	eation				
_	A)	1 & 3 only		1, 2 & 3 onl	ly C)	2 & 3 only	D)	1, 2, 3 & 4				
7.	Ame A) B)	strains of Sa	mutati Imonella	a typhimurium	ı	s) operon in the		•	2			
	D)	Reversion of mutations in the lactose (lac) operon in the genetically altered strains of Salmonella typhimurium										

Reversion of mutations in the tryptophan(trp) operon in the genetically altered

Reversion of mutations in the arabinose(ara) operon in the genetically altered

strains of Salmonella typhimurium

strains of Salmonella typhimurium

C)

D)

8.	Match Group I with Group II										
	<u>Group</u>	<u>o I</u>	<u>Group</u>	<u> </u>							
	a) p53	3	1. GTI	Pase							
	b) RB	31	2. Trai	nscription	on factor						
	c) NF			A repair							
	/	.CA1 and BRCA2			checkpoint						
	u) Di	CTT and DRCT2	4. CCII	i cycle c	neekpoint						
	A)	a-1, b-3, c-2, d-4		B)	a-4, b-1, c-3, d-2						
	C)	a-2, b-4, c-1, d-3		D)	a-2, b-4, c-3, d-1						
	C)	u 2, 0 1, C 1, u 3		D)	u 2, 0 1, 0 3, u 1						
9.	Choos	e the statement which i	is corre	ct about	gene transcription						
· ·	A)				ing strand and complementary to the template						
	A)	strand	iicai to	ine cou	ing straind and complementary to the template						
	B)		tical to	the tem	plate strand and complementary to the coding						
	D)	strand	iicai to	ine tem	plate strand and complementary to the coding						
	C)		tical to l	both the	e coding and template strands						
	D)	None of the above	ileai to	oour un	coding and template straines						
	2) 1.010 01 410 400 10										
10.	nolv(A	A) tailing is catalyzed b	v.								
10.	A)	2'-O- methyltransfera		B)	Polyadenylate polymerase						
	C)	Guanylyltransferase	150	D)	tRNA nucleotidyl transferase						
	C)	Guarryruansiciasc		D)	tixiva nucleonayi transiciase						
11.	The la	ck of correlation betwe	een gen	ome siz	e and genetic complexity is called						
11.	A)	Cot curve	on gen	B)	Hardy-Weinberg law						
	C)	C-value paradox		D)	Pleiotropy						
	C)	C-value paradox		D)	Теюнору						
12.	Purifie	ed duplex DNA molecu	ıles can	not exis	st in which one of the following forms?						
12.	A)	Linear	iios can	B)	Circular and supercoiled						
	C)	Linear and supercoile	d	D)	Circular and relaxed						
	C)	Linear and supercone	u	D)	Circular and relaxed						
13.	The c	omplete set of genetic	informa	ation co	ntained within the members in a population is						
13.	called:	-	miomic	ition co.	manied within the members in a population is						
	A)	C-value		B)	Gene pool						
	C)	Demes		D)	Karyotype						
	C)	Deffies		D)	Karyotype						
14.	If the t	frequency of a homozy	gous de	ominant	genotype in a randomly mating population is						
			_		allele? What is the combined frequency of all						
		alleles of this gene?	1 1110 40	,11111100110	ariere. What is the comemon frequency of an						
	A)	0.30 and 0.91		B)	0.30 and 0.70						
		0.30 and 0.09		D)	0.09 and 0.91						
	C)	0.30 and 0.09		D)	0.09 and 0.91						
15.	Regula	atory elements of SOS	respons	se in F	voli are:						
1.5.	A)	DNA ligase and XRC	-	B)	Dam and Dcm						
	C)	Rec A and Lex A	Д Т	D)	Rec BCD and Lex A						
	Cj	NEC A allu LEX A		ט)	NCC DCD and LCX A						

16.	Choose the statements which is/are correct about tRNA: 1. tRNAs have a guanylate residue at the 5'end and a trinucleotide sequence CCA at												
	the 3' end 2. tRNAs have a 7-methylguanosine residue at the 5'end and a trinucleotide sequence CCA at the 3' end												
	3.			nthetase	es attack	n correct	aminoacids to	their tR	?NAs				
	4.		•				ds to their tRN						
	A)	1 & 3 only	B)	1 only	7	C)	1 & 4 only	D)	2 & 3 only				
17.	• •	of gene interac		en one g	gene ma	asks or n	nodifies the ex	pression	of another gene				
	A)	Pleiotropy	B)	Epista	ısis	C)	Interference	D)	Mosaicism				
18.	with a	-							nan has children Four unaffected				
	A)	$\frac{3}{4}$ and $81/25$	6		B) $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{108}{256}$								
	C)	$\frac{1}{4}$ and $81/25$	66		D)	$\frac{3}{4}$ and	27/256						
19.	Drosophila melanogaster has pairs of homologous chromosomes.												
	A)	2	B)	4		C)	1	D)	3				
20.	Choos 1. 2. 3. 4.	Mechanism f Occurs by co	nstriction for cytolog nstructi	lls and b on cont lls and b	y construction ractile ring the by constriction body is formed	ory in plant	cells						
	A)	1 only	B)	1 & 2	only	C)	3 & 4 only	D)	2 only				
21.	A reducing agent which disrupts the disulfide bond to sulfhydryl groups												
	A)	Urea			B)	Ethano							
	C)	Heavy metals	5		D)	β-mer	captoethanol						
22. Which of the following statements are correct? 1. $1 A_{260}$ unit= ~50 microgram/ml of dsDNA 2. $1 A_{260}$ unit= ~40 microgram/ml of dsDNA 3. $1 A_{260}$ unit= ~40 microgram/ml of ssRNA 4. $1 A_{260}$ unit= ~50 microgram/ml of ssRNA													
	A)	1 & 3 only	B)	1 only	7	C)	2 only	D)	2 & 4 only				
23.	Choos A)	se the plant that Sorghum	t display B)	ys C ₃ pa Whea	-	of carbon C)	n assimilation: Amaranthus	D)	Maize				

24.	Which of the following statements about gluconeogenesis are true?													
	1.	It occurs activ	ely in th	ne muscle durir	ng perio	ds of exercise								
	2.		•			of exercise or	fasting							
	3.			ne adipose tissi			C							
	4.			ne kidney durin										
	A)	1 & 2 only	B)	2 & 3 only	C)	2 & 4 only	D)	1 & 4 only						
25.	correct	ones:		nents connected	l with th	ne hormone cyt	okinon :	and select the						
	1.	Regulate root	_	1 .										
	2.	Induce the gro												
	3.	Promote cell division Regulate Apical dominance												
	A)													
 Which of the following are the physiological roles of bile salts? They aid in the digestion of lipid They facilitate the absorption of sugars They facilitate the absorption of lipid They provide a means of cholesterol digestion 														
	A)	1 & 2 only	B)	1 & 3 only	C)	2 & 4 only	D)	1, 2 & 4 only						
27.	Which of the following is an aromatic aminoacid?													
	A)	Proline	-6	B)		lalanine								
	C)	Leucine		D)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
28.	The sli 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Inward propag Binding of ca Generation of Release of cal	gation o lcium to action p	potential in mu om sarcoplasm	n along scle fib ic reticu	T-tubules res	ng of thi	n on thick						
	A)	3-1-4-2-5	B)	2-3-1-4-5	C)	4-2-3-1-5	D)	3-4-1-2-5						
29.	An inh	ibitory neurotr	ansmitte	er is:										
	A)	Substance P	B)	Glutamate	C)	GABA	D)	Aspartate						
30.	Phosphofuncto kinase, a central target for regulation of the glycolytic pathway is regulated													
	by: A)	АТР	B)	A M P	C)	Citvate	D)	All the above						

31.		The shape of the curve is hyperbola As substrate concentration increases the initial velocity of reaction, V, also increases											
32.	An ina A)	active precursor Ribozyme	r of an e B)	enzyme Zymo		d: C)	Synzyme	D)	Isozyme				
33.	The en A)	nzyme used in t α –Amylase Lipases	the leath	ner indu	stry is: B) D)	Cellul Alkali	ase ne proteases						
34.	A broad-based technique used to localize radioisotopes within the tissue sections is: A) Mass spectrometry B) Autoradiography C) X-ray crystallography D) Atomic force microscopy												
35.	What is the applied centrifugal field at a point equivalent to 5 cm from the centre of rotation and an angular velocity of 3000 rad s $^{-1}$? A) 4.5×10^7 cm s $^{-2}$ B) 4.7×10^5 cm s $^{-2}$ C) 1.5×10^7 cm s $^{-2}$ D) 1.5×10^5 cm s $^{-2}$												
36.	Which A)	n of the followin DEAE	ng is a o B)	cationic CMC	exchan	ger used	d in Ion excha Dowex-1	nge chro	omatography? Dextran				
37.	Choos 1. 2. 3. 4.	negatively ch	based on based on verted arged proverted	on mass- on charg into pos late into neg	to-char e-to-ma sitively	ge ratio ss ratio charged	gaseous ions	and acc	elerated towards a celerated towards				
	A)	1 & 3 only	B)	1 only	•	C)	2 & 4 only	D)	1 & 4 only				
38.	8. X-ray diffraction is based on: A) Refractive index B) Bragg's law C) Beer-Lambert's law D) Relaxation												
39.	explai	on between act	ion spec	ctra and		•			ctivity is				
	A) Calvin cycle B) Engelmann's experiment C) Hill reaction D) CAM pathway												

40.	The site of ATP synthesis is:													
	A)	Three β–subu	nits in F	1 ATPa	se									
	B)	Three α–subu	nits in F	1 ATPa	se									
	C)	The γ , δ and ϵ	subunit	ts in F1	ATPas	se								
	D)	The 'a' and 'b												
41.	The 1	most important g	ene for	prokarv	otic pł	vlogenv	v is							
	A)	18s rRNA	B)	30s rRN	-	C)	70s rRNA	D)	16s rRNA					
42.	Whic	ch of the following	ng are th	ne functi	ons of	reverse	transcriptase in	n retro	viruses?					
	1.	It hydrolyzes												
	2.	It uses viral R	NA as a	templat	te for l	DNA sy	nthesis							
	3.													
	4.			-		_	complementary	RNA	strand					
	5.	It degrades R	NA fron	1 DNA-I	RNA ł	ıybrid								
	A)	2 & 5 only	B)	2 & 3 o	only	C)	1, 3 & 4 only	D)	1, 3 & 5 only					
43.	Prote	einaceous infecti	ous ager		alled:									
	A)	Virusoid	B)	Viroid		C)	Prions	D)	Virions					
44.	Matc	ch Group I with (Group II											
		roup I			Grou									
		Retroviridae					ble stranded DN	NΑ						
		Herpesviridae					nd RNA							
		Rhabdoviridae					uble stranded I	DNA						
	d. I	Baculoviridae			4. Plu	s strand	RNA							
	A)	a-1, b-2, c-3,	d-4		B)	a-2, b-	-3, c-4, d-1							
	C)	a-3, b-4, c-1 d	1-2		D)	a-4, b-	-1, c-2, d-3							
45.	In the	e exponential ph	ase of g	rowth of	f a bac	terial cu	lture, 100 cfu/r	nl cell	s increased to					
	3200 cfu/ml cells in 2 hours. What is the generation time for this bacterium?													
	A)	12 minutes	B)	15 min	utes	C)	24 minutes	D)	30 minutes					
46.	Whic	ch of the following	ng is a tı	ransport	mediu	ım?								
	A)	Selenite F bro	oth		B)	Mc Le	od's medium							
	C)	Stuart's media	um		D)	Mac (Conkey's medi	um						
47.	The 1	reducing agent u	sed in m	nicrobial	cell c	ulture m	nedium is:							
	A)	0.1% thioglyc	olate		B)	1% pe	•							
	C)	Palladium			D)	Tetrat	hionate							
48.	The t	test organism use		eterminii	ng the	efficacy	of moist heat	steriliz	ation is:					
	A)	Clostridium te	etani		B)	Bacill	us stearotherm	ophilus	S					
	C)	Staphylococci	us aureu	us	D)	Strept	ococcus faecali	S						
49.		sterilization inv												
	A)	Infrared radia			B) Ultrasonic vibration									
	C)	Gamma radia	tion		D)	Forma	ldehyde gas							

50.	The most important antibacterial agents are:												
	A)	Anionic surf	ace acti	ve agents									
	B)	Cationic sur	face act	ive agents									
	C)	Nonionic sur	rface ac	tive agents									
	D) Amphoteric surface active agents												
51.	Mate	h Group I with	Groun	II									
<i>J</i> 1.	Grou	-	Group										
	a. Ig			sophils									
	b. Ig	=		osses placer	nta								
	c. Ig			cretory com									
	d. Ig			ntamer	.P = 11-11.								
	A)	a-3, b-1, c-2	4.4	D.) a	3 h	-4 c-2, d-1						
	C)	a-3, b-1, c-2, a-2, b-3, c-1,			,		-4 c-2, d-1 -1, c-3, d-4						
	C)	a-2, 0-3, C-1	, u- 4	ָ ע) a	- 2, 0	-1, C-3, U-4						
52.	For c	lass I MHC, w			_		ts are correc	et?					
	1.	They are exp											
	2.	They are made up of a heavy chain and a light chain They are essential for viral antigen recognition by cytotoxic cells											
	3.	•		_	-	_							
	4.	The genes for	or HLA	class I mole	cules a	re lo	cated on ch	romosome	e 6 and 15				
	A)	1 &3 only	B)	1 & 2 onl	ly C	C)	2 & 3 onl	y D)	1, 3 & 4 only				
53.	Intera	action between	single 1	paratope wit	h an er	oitop	e is called:						
	A)	Cross-reaction		B)	-	vidi							
	C)	Affinity		D) S	erolo	ogical reacti	ions					
54.	Tyne	I hypersensitiv	ity is m	nediated by									
<i>J</i> 1.	A)	IgG	B)	IgE	(C)	IgM	D)	IgD				
	11)	150	D)	igi		<i>-</i>)	18111	D)	IgD				
55.		h Group I with	Group		r								
	<u>Grou</u>		1 0	Group II				C .1	. 1 1				
		ograft		aft from one	•	-							
		lograft		aft between				-	S				
		enograft		aft between	_	•							
	d. At	ıtograft	4. Gr	aft between	geneti	cally	different in	idividuals	within a species				
	A)	a-4, b-2, c-3	, d-1	B) a	-3, b	-4, c-2, d-1						
	C)	a-3, b-2, c-4	, d-1	D	a	-3, b	-1, c-4, d-2						
56.	Mvas	sthenia gravis i	s an aut	oimmune di	sease o	ause	d bv						
	A)	Autoantibod					-	c cell cons	tituents				
	B)	Autoantibod	_				• •						
	C)	Autoantibod	_	-		-	-	J J					
	D)	•											
	2)	. I atomitioou	ios agai	pariour	20110 01		Dustile illue	254					

57.	Antibiotic used for the selection of hybridoma is:												
	A)	Neomycin			B)	Tetra	acycline						
	C)	Aminopterin			D)	Actir	nomycin D						
58.	A dr	ug used for the ti	eatme	nt of AID	S:								
	A)	Propanolol			B)	Azid	othymidine						
	C)	Cimetidine			D)	Hiruo	din						
59.	An a	lgorithm used in	Comp	uter Aide	ed Dru	ıg Disco	overy is						
	A)	Monte Carlo	simula	tion	B)	Ras I	Mol						
	C)	CATH			D)	Chim	ne						
60.	The	first recombinan	t antige	en vaccin	e appı	oved fo	or human usage	is for:					
	A)	HIV	B)	Hepati	tis B	C)	Polio	D)	Influenza				
61.	The	amber codon is:											
	A)	UGA	B)	UAA		C)	AUG	D)	UAG				
62.	Whic	ch of the following	ng is a	database	softw	are?							
	A)	MySQL	B)	MS W	ord	C)	Lotus 1-2-3	D)	iTunes				
63.	The 1	most commonly	used a	lgae as So	CP for	r humar	use is:						
	A)	Chlorella	B)	Scened	lesmu	s C)	Candida	D)	Spirulina				
64.	Choo	se the statement	s whic	h are true	e?								
	1.	DDBJ is a nuc	eleotid	e sequen	ce data	abase							
	2.	PDB is a prot	ein seg	juence da	tabase								
	3.	3. EMBL is a model organism database											
	4.	KEGG is a m	ateboli	te databa	se								
	A)	1 & 2 only	B)	2 & 3 0	only	C)	1, 2 & 4 only	(D)	1, 2 & 3 only				
65.	tBL	ASTn represents											
	A)	Protein query	seque	nce again	st tran	ıslated 1	nucleotide sequ	ence da	tabase				
	B)	Translated nu	cleotid	le query s	sequen	ice agai	nst protein sequ	ience d	atabase				
	C)	Translated nu	cleotid	le query s	sequen	ice agai	nst translated n	ucleotic	de database				
	D)	Nucleotide qu	ery se	quence ag	gainst	nucleot	ide sequence d	atabase					
66.	The 1	most commonly	used n	nultiple a	lignm	ent soft	ware is						
	A)	FASTA	B)	BLAS	Γ	C)	PAM	D)	CLUSTAL				
67.	Choo	ose the correct st				-							
	1.	-				-	goodness of fit						
	2.						pendence of two						
	3.						ignificance of o						
	4.	The chi-squar	e test i	s used for	r testii	ng varia	ance of a norma	l popul	ation				
	A)	1, 2 & 4 only			B)		3 only						
	C)	2 & 3 only			D)	3 & 4	1 only						

68.			of the v	variables ent							
69.		the harmonic n			bers 4,			D)	2 02		
	A)	6.45	B)	5.45		C)	1.83	D)	3.83		
70.	The 1	egislation rega	rding th	e patents	s are go	overned	by				
	A)	Indian Pater	nt Act, 1	.980	B)	India	n Patent A	ct, 1972			
	C)	Indian Paten	t Act, 2	000	D)	India	n Patent Ac	et, 1970			
71.	The I	Intellectual Pro	perty Ri	ight used	l for pr	otecting	g instruction	ns on a com	puter chip is	<u>,</u>	
	A)	Copyright	1 3	υ	B) 1		raphical inc		1 1		
	C)	Layout desig	gn		D)	_	emarks				
72.	A bio	odiesel producii	ng plant								
, _,	A)	Casurina equ			B)	Euph	orbia lathyı	ris			
	C)	Melia azadir			D)	Eucalyptus globulus					
73. The Act to provide for the establishment of an effective system for protection of pl varieties, the rights of farmers and to encourage the development of new varieties of plants:											
	A)	PPVFR Act,	2001		B)	PPVF	FR Act, 198	34			
	C)	PPVFR Act,			Ď)		FR Act, 200				
74.	The	Kornberg enzy	me is:								
,	A)	DNA polym			B)	DNA	polymeras	e I			
	C)	Taq DNA po		se	Ď)		olynucleotic				
75.	Sma	I and Xma I are	e								
,	A)	Neoschizom			B)	Isosc	hizomers				
	C)	Isocaudomer	rs		Ď)	Isome	ers				
76.	Whic capac	ch of the follow city?	ring is th	ne prope	r order	for the	vectors in t	erms of inc	reasing clon	ing	
	A)	BAC, Cosmi	id, Phag	ge, Plasm	nid, YA	$^{\prime}$ C					
	B)	YAC, BAC,	Cosmic	l, Phage	, Plasm	id					
	C)	Plasmid, Pha	_								
	D)	Plasmid, Cos	smid, Pl	nage, BA	AC, YA	C					
77.	The I	PCR method us	sed for l	ocating t	he pred	cise star	t and end p	oints of ger	ne transcripts	s is:	
	A)	qRT-PCR	B)	RACI	Ξ	C)	Nested I	PCR D)	RT-PCR		
78.	Expr	ession of a euka	aryotic	gene in p	orokary	otes inv	volves:				
	A) 1	Shine-Dalga									
	B)	Absence of i									
	C)	Regulatory e	elements	upstrea	m of th	ne gene					
	D)	All the above	e								

79.	Automated DNA sequencing use: A) Fluorescent labelled ddNTPs B) Fluorescent labelled dNTPs C) Radiolabelled dNTPs D) Radiolabelled ddNTPs													
80.		n Fluorescent Pr		s isolate										
	A)	Photimus pyr			B)		rea Victoria							
	C)	Pyrococcus for	uriosus		D)	I herm	us aquaticus							
81.	DNA	profiling or DN	NA fing	erprinti	ng explo	oits								
	A)	Expressed Se	-	_	B)		ole Number of		n Repeats					
	C)	Simple Tande	em Rep	eats	D)	Simple	e Sequence Rep	peats						
82.	A hyl	oridization base	d mole	cular ma	arker is:									
	A) ¹	RAPD	B)	RFLP		C)	AFLP	D)	SSLP					
83.	Gene	therapy is used	for the	treatme	ent of:									
	1.	SCID			2.	SIDS								
	3.	Cystic fibrosi	S		4.	Sickle	cell anemia							
	A)	1 & 2 only	B)	1, 3 &	4 only	C)	1, 2 & 3 only	D)	2 & 3 only					
84.	The p	production of ge	ne-targ	eted kno	ockout n	nice inv	olves the follo	wing st	eps in the order:					
04.	1.	Isolation and	culturi	ng of en	nbryonic	stem c	ells	_	_					
	2.	. Introduction of a mutant gene into the cultured ES cells and selection of homologous recombinant cells												
	3.	3. Mating of chimeric offspring heterozygous for the disrupted gene												
	4.								ouse blastocyst					
	A)	1, 2, 3 & 4	B)		& 3		1, 3, 2 & 4	D)	1, 3, 4 & 2					
85.	Which of the following are the characteristics of Type II restriction endonucleases?													
	1. Bifunctional enzyme with both endonuclease and methylase activity													
	2.	Contains two			_									
	3.	Restriction re												
	4.	Cleavage site	is at or	near re	striction	site								
	A)	1 & 2 only	B)	2 & 4	only	C)	1 & 4 only	D)	3 & 4 only					
86.		bility of a singl	e cell to	o divide	and pro	duce all	the differentia	ted cel	ls in an					
	_	ism is called:												
	A)	Somatic emb		esis	B)	Totipo	-							
	C)	De-differentia	ation		D)	Somac	clonal variation	l						
87.		h of the followi	_	_	_									
	A)			-	_		than the manu		_					
	B)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·												
	D)	All of the abo		atation a	ire used	ior the	recovery of mi	crobial	biomass					
	1 7 1	A II OT THE ONG	11/4											

88.	Development of brittle, glassy and water soaked shoot under in vitro conditions is called:												
	A)	Morphologica	al variations	B)	Soma	clonal variation	ns						
	C)	Vitrification		D)	Guttat	ion							
89.	Pro	duction of virus fi	ree germplas	m can be	accomp	lished by:							
	A)	Haploid cultu	re	B)	Embr	yo culture							
	C)	Meristem cult	ture	D)	Soma	tic embryogen	esis						
90.	Cho	oose the statement	t/s which are	correct al	out ant	her culture							
	1.	In pathway I ugenerative cel	-		•	nmetrically and	d both t	he vegetative and					
	2.	In pathway II generative cel		pollen div	vides un	equally and en	nbryos (originate from the					
	3. In pathway III uninucleate pollen divides unequally and embryo originates from the vegetative cell alone.												
	4. In pathway IV uninucleate pollen divides unequally and both the vegetative and generative cells undergo further division												
	A)	1 & 4 only	B) 1, 2	, 3 &4	C)	2 & 3 only	D)	1, 2 & 4 only					
91.	The	most commonly	used fusoger	n for proto			2.						
	A)	Pectinase		B)		oH and low Ca							
	C)	Polyethylene	glycol	D)	Low p	H and high C	a ²⁺						
92.	Cybrids are:												
	A) Plants with nucleus of one species but cytoplasm from both parental species												
		B) Plants with cytoplasm of one species but nucleus from both parental species											
	C)		•	toplasm i	rom bot	th parental spe	cies						
	D)	D) None of the above											
93.	Border sequences need to be incorporated into the design of plasmid vectors for Agrobacterium mediated transformation to ensure:												
					ensure:								
	A)			СУ									
	B)	Oncogene dea		المنسومات									
	C) D)	Efficient repli Integration of			to the h	ost gene							
94.	Ma	tch Group I with (Group II										
		Group I	Group I	Ι									
		Azadirachtin	1. Digitalis										
	b.	Digoxin	2. Taxus bu										
	c. Taxol 3. Dioscorea deltoidea												
	d. Diosgenin 4. Azadirachta indica												
	A)	a-4, b-3, c-2,		B)	-	-2, c-1, d-3							
	C)	a-3, b-4, c-2,	d-1	D)	a-4, b-	-1, c-2, d-3							

95.	GMPs refers to:												
	A)	Global Moni	toring I	Practices									
	B)	Genetically I	Modifie	d Plants									
	C)	Good Manuf			es								
	D)	Guidance for				naceutic	als						
0.6													
96.				_	-		ng an antisense	copy of	f the gene for:				
	A)	Polyhydroxy	outyrat	e	B)		galacturonase						
	C)	EPSP			D)	Lyco	pene cyclase						
97.	Whiel	n of the follow	ing is a	n anchor	age-in	depende	ent cell line?						
	A)	MCF7			B)	MDA	MB 231						
	C)	K562			D)	PC-3							
98.	Heat i	nactivation of	Foetal 1	Bovine S	Serum	is done	at						
,	A)	56°C for 30 1		20,1110	B)		for 60 min						
	C)	56°C for 10 i			D)		37°C for 60 min 37°C for 15 min						
	Ο)				2)	37 0							
99.	Viabi	lity of cells in	animal (cell culti	ıre can	an be determined by:							
	1.	Bradford's as	ssay		2.	Trypa	Trypan Blue assay						
	3.	Comet assay			4.	MTT	assay						
	A)	2 only	B)	1 & 2	only	C)	2 & 4 only	D)	1 & 3 only				
100.	In ani	mal cell cultur	e the C	Os levels	s in the	incubat	tors are usually	mainta	ined at:				
100.	A)	2 %	B)	1 %	, iii tiic	C)	5 %	D)	10 %				
)	_ / 3	2)	1,0		-)	5 7 5	2)	10 / 0				
101.	The p	H indicator in	animal			dium is:	:						
	A)	HEPES	B)	Pheno	ol Red	C)	FBS	D)	L-Glutamine				
102.	The n	ucleopolyhedr	icleopolyhedrosis viruses (NPV) are widely used as a biopesticide for the										
	control of:												
	A)	Culex larvae	B)	Boll v	vorm	C)	Aphids	D)	Citrus mites				
103.	The prominent Indian botanist noted chiefly for his invention of the technique of test-tube												
105.		zation of angio			. 0111011	19 101 111			inque of test tube				
	A)	P Maheswari			B)	Gora	l Gandhi						
	C)	N Guha			D)	AKI							
104.	The m	najor constitue	nt of nh	otochem	nical sn	nog is							
1011	A)	Carbon mone		otoonon	B)	Ozon	e						
	C)	Lead	011140		D)		r dioxide						
105.	An In	ternational acr	eement	designe	d to pr	otect the	e stratospherio	070ne 1	aver is				
105.		An International agreement designed A) Copenhagen Protocol					o Protocol	OZUIIC I	uy 01 10				
	C)	Montreal Pro			B) D)	-	Summit						
	\sim 1	11101111011111	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		וע	1 4110	~ willing						

106.	 Choose the correct statements regarding BOD When BOD levels are high there is a decline in dissolved oxygen levels. BOD value exceeding 5mg/L indicates contamination It is an indirect measure of the concentration of non-biodegradable organic matter The amount of oxygen used is proportional to the number and metabolic rate of aerobic microorganisms 											
	A)	1, 2 & 4 only	B)	1, 2 &	3 only	C)	1 & 2 only	D)	2, 3 & 4 only			
107.	Pink d A) C)	Mercury B)			numan t B) D)	being caused by intaking the heavy metal Cadmium Chromium						
108.	Biofili A) C)	ns are involved in: Trickling filter digesters Airlift fermenters			B) D)	Activated sludge process Lagooning						
109.		ation of selecte minant in an pol Biostimulation Bioaugmentat	lluted ar n			·	arging	eed up the rate of				
110.	Ripeni A) C)	ing of cheddar of Aspergillus ni Lactobacillus	ger	s done	using: B) D)	B) Mucor miehei						
111.	The ch A) C)	chief contaminant in canning industry is: Lactobacillus B) Clostridium botulinum Bacillus subtilis D) Trichoderma polysporum										
112.	order 1	nzyme which is to enhance their Glucose isom Glucose oxida	r storabi erase	lity:		Polyg	ose or oxygen f alacturonase amylase	en from food stuffs in				
113.	Choos A) B) C) D)	There are fewer base pairs per helical turn It has fewer helical turns than the linear or relaxed molecule										
114.	Ethidi A) C)	um bromide is Chelating age Reducing age	nt		B) D)		alating agent sing agent					
115.	Which A)	of the followin Calnexin	ng is NO B)	OT a cha Hsp70	-	e? C)	Cadherin	D)	Calreticulin			

116.	Absorption of UV light at 280 nm by purified proteins is due to the aminoacids:										
	A)	Methionine and Valine			B)	Tryptophan and Tyrosine					
	C)	Histidine and Cysteine			Ď)	Glycine and Lysine					
117.	Sugars that differ only by the stereochemistry at a single carbon (other than the anomeric carbon) are called:										
	A)	Enantiomers	B)	Anome	rs	C)	Isomers	D)	Epimers		
118.		st cancer cells exhibit increased glycoly heir energy supply. This phenomenon is Pasteur effect B) Warburg effect D)					sis for generation of ATP as a main source known as: Emerson enhancement effect None of the above				
119.	The largest secondary lymphoid organ is:										
	A)	Spleen	B)	Thymu	S	C)	MALT	D)	Lymph nodes		
120.	The m	ajor immunogl IgG	obulin : B)	found in IgM	the col	ostrums C)	s of milk in n IgD	ursing m D)	others: IgA		